

THE BRANSON MAIL.

VOL. 10. NO. 34

BRANDON MAN. THURSDAY AUGUST 10, 1893.

FIVE CENTS

SYLVESTER BROS MFG. CO

Agricultural Implements and Settler's Outfits.

Special Attention invited to our harvesting machinery and to the Fingal Separator and Nore-worthy Engines.

of which we have the control in this country. Head office and works, Lindsay, Ont.

NORTHWEST BRANCH. Office and Warehouse, 10th St. Brandon

Agents at all important points.

C. F. IRELAND, MANAGER

THE PUBLIC are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating a note of \$45, made by me and dated in March last, to J. S. McConachy. No value has been received for the same. W. TIPPEN, July 29.

PIANO FOR SALE.

One of the best in the city. Price and terms of payment moderate. Address, F. F. McCall, office.

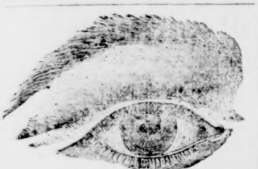
House and Lots for Sale.

Most conveniently located, healthy, price and terms of payment reasonable. Apply to A. B. The Mail office.

THE new Branson House, licensed, on the old stand, this city, is now complete and ready for rental. The building is one of the best in the country in all necessary appointments and the rental will be reasonable to good parties. Apply to the undersigned. T. BEAUBIER, Brandon.

COOK WANTED.

For the C. P. R. Dining Hall, Broadview, Assn. Good wages will be paid. Apply to Mrs. Hinchey.



L. G. CHAMBERLAIN

Eye specialist will be at Taylor's Drug Store, Portage, July 8th. Higginsbotham's, Drug Store, Virden July 13th and 14th.

Colman's, Moosemin, July 15th. Dawson's, Regina, July 17 and 18th. and in Brandon at Halpin's in September.

The New C. P. R. Station.

The Branson Hotel is second to none in the City. One dollar per day. Good table with everything to eat on it. The best of liquors. South-east, between Pacific and Rosser Ave. E. F. HOLLAND.

G. B. NOBLE, Contractor and Housemover. Residence between 4th and 5th Streets, P. O. Box 76, Rosser Ave. May 31st.

D. G. C. SINCLAIR, REAL ESTATE, LOAN & INSURANCE ACT. Companies Represented—Atlas Assurance Co. London, England; Capital \$10,000,000. Sun Insurance Co. of North America; Capital \$20,000,000. North American Life Assurance Company. Farms in every locality for sale on easy terms. Branson City property, lots in all parts of the City cheap. Estates managed, rents collected.

PROF. H. WIGAND, OF HALLE, GERMANY. TEACHER OF THE PIANO-FORTE & ORGAN. Ancient Languages and Conversational German taught. For terms apply to Mail Office.

Down With High Prices For Electric Belts.

\$1.55, \$2.65, \$3.70; former prices \$5, \$7, \$10. Quality remains the same—16 different styles; dry battery and acid belt—solid or strong current. Less than half the price of any other company and more testimonials than all the rest together. Full list free. Mention this paper. W. T. BAER & CO. Windsor, Ont.

WILSON & MILLIGAN GENERAL BLACKSMITHS

Horseshoeing a Specialty

BEST IN THE CITY.

All kinds of Repairing Done. New Brick Shop opposite the City Hall.

TO WORLD'S FAIR VISITORS

The Crescent Hotel. Offers every comfort for \$2.00 per day and upwards. It has all out side rooms, practically Fine Proof, with three Exits; can accommodate 250 guests. Its location excels any other in Chicago. Our motto is PLEASE ALL.

C. A. Childman.

other countries. From the diagram it appears that France, Germany, Holland, Switzerland and Scandinavia? that she about equals the United States and is above Belgium, Italy, Austria, Spain and Russia.

JUVENILE EDUCATION.

The Statistician next investigates the record of each province, and finds for Manitoba that while children between 10 and 20 years are able to write and occupy a high position, yet that the groups of children under 10 years has been outstripped by the similar groups in Ontario, and that the groups of children under 10 years has been outstripped both by the Ontario and Prince Edward Island groups of the same age period. He thinks educationalists in Manitoba need to seek the cause for this retrogression in order to apply the remedy.

ROB ROY.

"Rob Roy" as all know is the work of Sir Walter Scott, and the words of the songs are by another famous Scotchman, "Robbie Burns". It is admirably adapted for the stage and throughout abounds with humor, sentiment and at times ludicrous situations. The Company who are to present this play at Branson Opera House for the benefit of the Brandon Hospital, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 11th and 12th is considerably augmented by local persons such as the chorus of lay lagers who are selected from the principal church choirs of this city. The British soldiers being composed of a detachment of 30th Battalion Manitoba Grenadiers and the leading Artists of the Brandon Operatic and Dramatic Society. The principal characters in the drama, also the scenery and costumes are furnished by the Theatre Royal Dramatic Company of Glasgow, Scotland.

Speaking of this production and company the Winnipeg Free Press of July 19th says the drama improves with repetition, and judging from the frequent plaudits of the audience, its production was warmly appreciated.

The costumes are handsome and historically correct. The scenery at times is beautiful and with the spectacular part of the drama is really enjoyable.

Andrew McKay, a man whose magnificent physical proportion made him an ideal Rob Roy, and he was over a picturesque figure. He is a most creditable actor. Mr. MacCallister evoked a good conception of the somewhat difficult role of Dougal, and was deservedly applauded for his fine acting. The chorus is large and its members belong to the principal church choirs in the city.

Several scenes in which it is prominent are effective and pleasing stage pictures. The small characters in the hands of the ladies and gentlemen presenting them received the same care and attention as those taken by the principals.

Seats are for sale by ladies of the Hospital Guild and Christie's bookstore without extra charge.

THE SUCCESSFUL STUDENTS.

The regular monthly meeting of the Advisory board was held in the Educational office on Tuesday afternoon, when the following members were in attendance: Rev. Dr. Bryce, Dr. Montgomery, J. D. Hunt (Carberry), Prof. Cockran, and Inspector McCallister (Emerson).

On motion it was resolved that Henderson & Fletcher's first Latin book be authorized for use in collegiate institutes of Manitoba, but that until August, 1895, the use of Allen's Latin book be allowed.

The following were granted certificates on standing obtained elsewhere: First-class, Rebecca Sing, H. J. Graham, J. B. Caldwell, B. Brown, G. B. Burson, W. N. Finlay, J. G. Woodworth; collegiate non-professional, G. B. Burson.

The second-class professional certificates of the following were made permanent on the recommendation of local inspectors: Margaret Harper, Annie Simpson, Mary E. Kennedy, Annette J. Murdoch, F. Morris, Alice Wood.

A. A. Nichols and E. F. Haffner were granted second-class non-professional certificates, and M. E. Horey, Agnes Taylor and M. M. A. Sharma second-class professional certificates.

FIRST CLASS, GRADE A. Chas. Hutton, Hannah Mooney, Joseph Marshall.

FIRST CLASS, GRADE B. Abram. Aitkin, Chas. Armstrong, Evelina Bell, Geo. W. Bartlett, Wm. J. Bond, James Campbell, Richard Horey, Thos. J. Smith, Chas. H. Vrooman.

SECOND CLASS. Lily M. Aitchison, Wm. J. Parker, Thos. A. Broadfoot, Mary Bell, Henrietta Black, Robt. Chalmers, Jeanne Campbell, Alfred F. Cook, Wm. B. Cranston, A. K. Connolly, F. W. Dykes, Ed. Da Bedat, Hugh Elliott, Angus Fraser, Samuel Forest, Annie Gunners, Annie Greenway, J. K. Green, Minnie Gilmore, Grace Hames, Albert Ham, Arthur Hobkirk, J. A. Kennedy, Maggie McKee, Marie Morison, J. MacTavish, McKinnon, Kate McRae, Clara McCulloch, Annie McFarlane, Alice Matheson, Edgar Murphy, Chas. McIntosh, Josiah McKee, Nellie Purvis, Lizette Perry, S. A. Preston, Isabel Robertson, Lulu Rowe, Edward B. Robertson, Jessie Rawson, Eirena Spratt, E. Benson Steele, Lizette Stewart, Louisa Talbot, Bessie Thom, Chas. Wright, Gertrude Warner, Nellie Wake, Lizette York.

THIRD CLASS. Margaret Arnett, Janet Arnett, Annie Arnett, Mary E. Aldritt, Jacob Anderson, Maggie Adam, Clara Bastedo, Clara Payton, Alvin Blackwell, Edna McGee, D. Beattie, Minnie Beddome, Wm. H. Bedford, Ivy Blackwell, Mary Blackwell, Fred Balfour, Margaret Baxter, Florence Barringer, Lillian Brown, Al-

fred Bell, T. Brown, Rhoda Cates, Lottie Chigwin, Laura Carr, Norman Carwell, Walter Clayton, Eliza Carter, Victoria Clarke, Florence Clarke, Fanny Carr, Jane Currie, Geo. DeCoblenz, W. Cunningham, Ed. Duffy, John L. Duncan, Agnes Darrach, Maggie Duncan, Edith DePancier, Jos. DeMille, Alfred Downy, Marion Dow, Herbert Davidson, Fanny Doyle, Lillian Embury, Dora Fowler, Wm. H. Ellis, Florence Falconer, S. F. Platt, Mary Glennie, Edw. Garland, Maggie George, Ida Gourlay, Mary Gilbert, Maud Greenway, Maggie Gunn, Isabel Hunter, Russell Greenway, Bruce Hill, Wm. Hornbrook, Ethel M. Hall, Susie Hall, Lottie Hopwood, G. J. Hunter, John Hewison, Martha Hamilton, Frank Irvine, Nellie Irvine, Ada Jennings, Anna Jeffrey, Susan Johnston, Maggie Jones, Maggie Kilpatrick, Robert Kippen, Lizzie Kinley, Louisa Kinley, Constant Logan, Maud Landy, Wm. Loree, Katie Lanford, Warren Lang, Maud McGilivray, Ellen Minaker, Helen McGhee, Mary Mullen, Helen McKenzie, Mary McLeod, Lalea Melvor, Robt. Mearns, Lizzie McLaren, John Mooney, Isabella Morden, Albert Malcolmson, Ransom Mott, Helen, Monteith, Mary Mackinnon, Alex. McPherson, Rufus McKinnon, Annie Playfair, Bella Miller, Hugh Michael, Lizette McPhail, Miller, Hugh McCollough, Robt. McGee, Emma McKinnon, Wm. Mann, Marie McFadden, Adelaide Mama, Harry McMillan, Blanche Mahwinney, Geo. Newton, Thomas Naismith, Alice Nobie, Georgina Nesbitt, Emily O'Neil, Richard Calway, Oliver, Parrott, James Pools, Carrie Patrick, Annie Playfair, Bella Palmer, Alice Pater, Eugene Preston, E. A. Paynter, Dottie Parrott, Effrida Porter, Clara Potter, Eliza Playfair, Gertrude Potter, John Ridington, Elizabeth Reynolds, Lizzie Riach, Angus Robertson, Mathew Rogers, Nellie Rear, Mary Ross, Susy Smith, Maggie Sturke, Emma Scott, Minnie Scott, John Stewart, Archie Spry, Jessie Sturpe, Annie Stuart, Beatrice Stuart, Frank Stevens, Edw. Stubbs, Wm. Stevenson, Rowland Shilson, Wm. Sandrock, Wm. Shepherd, Thos. B. Stark, Isabella Stewart, John Stinson, Norman Spencer, Lottie Toome, Maggie Tully, John L. Thompson, Thos. Taylor, Robert Taylor, Grace Tait, J. A. Tait, Alice Tait, Alice Wyatt, James Walkie, Walter Wilson, Stephen Windsor, W. L. Webster, Clara Watson, Fred Wilson, Thos. O. Webster, Agnes Yeomans, David Youll.

went in the house. He got his pipe and came back. He sat and looked at mother for a few minutes, then said to her: "Do you want to get up and go now?" Mother asked for another drink. Flora said: "Sarah to the well; father said I wouldn't give her any." "If you have any respect for her, which you shouldn't have, I wouldn't give her any." There was water on a dish which we had been putting on her head, and father said that is good enough for her. After awhile he said he would give her a drink. Father told mother that she would drink from him for the last time. We had put her on a pillow for a little while, and then Flora helped her up and Sarah went for water. Father told us to stand back, that he was going to shoot her. Flora still held her, with her right arm resting on the ground, so that she could help herself. Father wouldn't let her have that went up to her, with his revolver, pointed it at her breast and said he was going to shoot, and mother shock her head and said no, she wanted to speak to Flora; then father shot again a little above where he shot the first time, and mother fell on her face and did not move again. Father caught her by the nose after he shot her the second time and said that he had finished her at last. The second shot was about forty-five minutes from the first.

Flora Ann Peterson, Sarah Peterson. These affidavits were corroborated in general, by affidavits of Andrew Peterson, George, and John McLeod, a hired man, who were present at the shooting, and part of the time afterward.

The Lucky Murder. In these days it is extremely difficult for a criminal to escape capture, owing to many means of identification and the rapidity of travel. A peculiar phase in the history of crime is the case of a man who is identified as the only means by which the remains of Mrs. Lucky could be identified was by her teeth. These were made by Dr. Dickson in Brandon two years ago. The unfortunate boy was at that time a visitor at his sister's, Mrs. Sam Lyall near Wawanesa.

Detective Greer, of the Ontario force, has been in the city and Dr. Dickson will probably be one of the Crown witnesses in the case.

BRANDON'S CIVIC HOLIDAY

And Union Picnic.

IN THE CITY.

The 8th, of August, 1893, will long live in the memory of Brandonites, as one of the most successful of any of the successful and pleasant days held in the West City. The day was the beautiful of a picnic and coming as it did after the terrible heat of Monday and the almost equally hot days of the previous week it was doubly appreciated by all. Early in the morning men, the numerous societies might be seen parading the streets with a procession of air, bedecked with one or more badges, all on intent business previous to their grand parade at 11 o'clock. The Moosomin local brought in several hundred visitors, many of these being brother members of the different societies. At 11 o'clock the different orders paraded and marched headed by the Brandon Band and marshalled by D. F. Anderson to the C. P. R. station. Here they lined 9th St. from the track, across Pacific to Rosser, the band playing some very charming airs during the interval previous to the arrival of the first train, which was the one from Souris, that from Winnipeg being 40 minutes later. The Souris train of 6 cars was loaded with visitors. Carriages were standing in line to drive the ladies free to the grounds and a busy day the Juba's must have had. The visit of members on the Souris train joined their brethren and proceeded to parade through the city, returning to the station in time to receive the visitors from east. When these had disembarked, the parade was resumed by greatly increased numbers, the total reaching about 800.

ON THE ROAD.

Carriages, omnibuses, buggies and wagons were to be seen playing the road to the farm and also to the old built bridge on the Assiniboine. The Union committee demonstrated the fact that it is quite as easy to bridge the Assn., as to solve the Assn's bridge, on the north side of the bridge a flight of stairs had been built up the bank, the underbank cut out, and then for a short distance continue your walk over a beautiful level meadow till you reached the pretty grove in which the picnic was held. There is no doubt that the bridge was a grand help to the successful handling of the innumerable crowd that was present between 4000 and 5000 and it added both grace, lustre and relief to the successful end of a very enjoyable day.

IN THE GROVE.

On the south side of the lake there were erected, swings put up and here the stoves were burning, broiling the cup that chere Carries, not mentioned. On the lake the steamer was carrying a merry crowd of passengers, who were enjoying themselves in row boats, and the small but well erected bridge was crowded with passengers going either way or the other the whole of the day, and here let me say that in other countries there would not have been that exuberant of the kind of the old time, the vast crowd on Tuesday afternoon. There might have been more joviality but not the extreme air of respectability enjoyed by those present. J. A. Montgomery had a mammoth booth and here all the good

COOLING THINGS NECESSARY FOR THE FULL ENJOYMENT OF A PICNIC WERE TO BE FOUND.

The Sons of England had a tent and many others were on the ground. The Salvation Army had their contingent. On this side north of the lake the sports were held, the crowd at times being immense.

THE SPORTS.

The sports were carried on most successfully although the hard sun of 80° was offered in two prizes for the Band competition and one or two others of the minor competitions were the only ones which did not fill. An accident occurred to A. J. Parrison in the bicycle race, was the only one that marred the sports. As the events were well contested and the crowd seemed to one and all feel that the committee of management had spared no pains to make the day a pleasant and enjoyable one for their visitors. The prizes given were handsome in amount and the successful and unsuccessful knew they had done their best to obtain them. It was late when the grounds began to have a partially deserted appearance but as many were anxious to be present at the Paul Heneberg Concert and some had to leave by the east board train, the numbers thinned considerably by six or seven o'clock and by eight o'clock the most enthusiastic picnicers had returned. After having spent thanks to the kindness of the Societies and the management, a day long to be remembered by all present and that those present, in a very large majority, recall these feelings as the last of the day from the numerous complimentary remarks, and happy faces seen on our homeward journey.

THE MANY DIFFERENT SOCIETIES UNDER WHOSE AUSPICES THE PICNIC WAS HELD WERE THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS, CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS, ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS, INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS, UNION ENCAMPMENT, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS, ROYAL TEMPLARS, INDEPENDENT ORDER OF TEMPLARS, SONS OF ENGLAND, CLAN GORDON, BRANDON FIRE BRIGADE, ANCIENT ORDER UNITED WORKMEN, and it was worthy of note, the remarkably harmonious manner in which all pulled together. There was no hitch here in Brandon, though the Winnipeg papers, would try to make it appear that the committee was responsible for the non-departure of an excursion train for this point. This we understand was not the case, and the manner in which things were done and the universally successful issue of everything we must doubt if any mismanagement occurred at this end of the line and if it did we feel sure that it was "one of those things no fellow can understand."

The list of prizes and the successful winners are as follows:

TUG OF WAR.

Independent Order Odd Fellows, T. W. Jones, Capt., (Brandon), 1st 328; Ancient Order of United Workmen, (Alexander), H. N. Niece, Capt. 2nd 810.

FOOTBALL.

Three teams entered, "Stars" Hartney, Douglas and Brandon, Brandon, 1st 829.

RACEWALK.

Carberry, 1st 829.

FLAT RACE 100 YARDS.

George Toye, 1st 810; A. J. Dill, 2nd 85; L. M. McDonald, 3rd 82.50. Eleven entered.

QUARTER MILE FLAT RACE.

Geo. Toye, 1st 810; L. M. McDonald, 2nd 85. Five entered.

FLAT RACE 1 MILE.

G. E. W. Hullah, 1st 810; F. W. Gillis, 2nd 85. Four entered.

THREE LEGGED RACE.

Lockhart & Lowes, 1st 86; Woods & Walker, 2nd 84.

HURDLE RACE.

O. E. Wood, 1st 810; A. J. Dill, 2nd 85; Geo. Toye, 3rd 82.50. Five entered.

BIKE RACE.

C. Hilton, 1st 88.

A. J. Harrison also entered for this race but owing to the foolish conduct of two men who were dragging a pony that shield, Harrison was thrown and sustained injuries that disabled him from continuing the race.

BOYS RACE (9 to 14) 100 YARDS HANDICAP.

W. Smith, 1st 82; Jas. Hague, 2nd 82; Eddy Mack, 3rd 85. Nine entered.

GIRLS (9 to 14) 100 YARDS HANDICAP.

Jennie VanTassel, 1st 82; Eva Pearce, 2nd 81; Katie Hooper, 3rd 84. Seventeen entered.

BOYS (5 to 8) 100 YARDS HANDICAP.

Simpson Mills, 1st 82; Fred Smith, 2nd 81; Nelson Andrews, 3rd 80.50.

GIRLS (5 to 8) 100 YARDS.

Mervile Kidd, 1st 82; Maggie Haggin, 2nd 81; Clara Bell, 3rd 80.50.

STANDING HIGH JUMP.

J. Hopper, 1st 89; O. E. Wood & Walker, awarded 84.

RUNNING 1000 YARDS.

A. J. Dill, 1st 88; J. Hopper, 2nd 82.

THROWING 16 LB. HAMMER.

Duncan McRae, 1st 810; J. Hopper, 2nd 85.

PUTTING 16 LB. SHOT.

Duncan McRae, 1st 810; S. J. Coffey, 2nd 85.

Douglas.

A Mail reporter paid a visit to this thriving little town last week, and finds that since his previous visit six months ago, considerable improvements in buildings etc. have been made. The new Presbyterian church, (of which Mr. Shillingham, of Brandon, is the contractor) is a very pretty and neat building, and quite an addition to the place. Some new private houses add also to the appearance of the town. The business men have well stocked stores and though business just at present is dull, they anticipate "booming" times after the reaping of the crop, which it is expected will be commenced in a week or ten days.

There are two nice clean hotels, the Berry House, kept by Mr. Butler; is a small, quiet but exceptionally neat and clean house, where the guest feels at home as soon as he enters, and feels sorry on leaving.

The new Douglas house, kept by Mr. Long, is equally as good and well patronized, having a good billiard and sample room of 40 drinks, which during this hot weather was very acceptable to the weary traveller.

It seems almost a pity that the town should cover so much space, when if it had been more compactly built, the appearance would have been improved and the weary traveller in the late hot days, would not have thought half a mile, ten.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The report from the United States concerning the temporary financial stringency and commercial depression has knocked the boom for which the immigration agents have been working for several months into smithereens. Ever since the spring the various immigration agencies in the centre of the city have been deluging the various industrial and agricultural regions of the country with pamphlets and leaflets diluting in glowing opportunity for profitable employment of artisans, mechanics, farmers and agricultural laborers in the United States, that country being represented as being on the tip-top wave of prosperity with abundance of capitals and labor at a premium. As a result of the representations numerous immigration clubs have been organized on an installment principle in the west and north of England, and the agents have been looking forward to one of the biggest harvests of recent years in their line. Cable dispatches of the past few weeks, however, have convinced the intending emigrants that it is better for the time being to endure present evils than to seek worse ones in a new country, and as a result the boom has petered out.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Something of a sensation has been created here by the positive announcement that cholera has been epidemic in Marseilles since May and that 600 deaths have occurred there. As many as 20 deaths occurred daily for a time. A despatch from Rome says that 100,000 of the population of Naples has fled in consequence of the existence of cholera there. As many as 50 new cases daily occur. Deaths from cholera have occurred in Rome. The Russian government is closing all the schools in Southern Russia. In Mecca there has been over 6,000 deaths from cholera since the present epidemic broke out.

PENNSA, N.D., Aug. 4.—Judge Laudor sentenced Albert Peterson, the murderer, this morning to penitentiary for life, and the following for violating the prohibition law in this county: Lot Davis, Flaxton; John Burns, Cavalier; J. Burton, Larox; to 90 days in jail and \$200 fine; P. E. Jennings, Cavalier, 90 days in jail and \$450 fine; H. J. Donville, Neche, five months in jail and \$500 fine. In closing his address to the prisoners the judge said if any one of them should again appear under similar charges he would inflict the highest penalty prescribed by law—one year in the penitentiary and \$1,000 fine.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM

ISLEJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a drug, but are the best remedy for Liver and Biliary Disorders. Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, Stomach Troubles, and all the ailments connected with the Liver and Biliary system.

25 CENTS A BOX.

Ask your Druggist for 25c Box.

The Brandon Opera House.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

AUG. 11 AND 12

A Grand production of the GREAT SCOTCH DRAMA.

ROB ROY,

Under auspices of

Glan Gordon, O. S. C.

AND

Theatre Royal Dramatic Company.

FOR BENEFIT

BRANDON HOSPITAL.

75 seats on the Stage. 75

On Sale at Christie's

AND LADIES OF THE HOSPITAL GUILD.

THE MAIL BOOK-STORE

N-O-T-E T-H-E B-A-R-G-A-I-N-S

Wall Paper, Plain from ten cents upwards;

Wall Paper, Gilt from twenty cents upwards.

Window Shades, from sixty-five cents upwards.

Novels, from ten cents upwards.

NOTE PAPER.

ENVELOPES.

ETC.,

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

MARKETS.

The prices paid in the city to farmers at present are as follows:—

Wheat.....	45 to 48
Oats.....	30
Barley.....	30
Bran, none in the city	
Poultry, scarce	
Eggs, per doz.....	20 to 22 1/2
Butter, per lb.....	15 to 17
Potatoes.....	45
Beef, per lb, 1 ve weight.....	3 to 3 1/2
Mutton, per lb.....	5 to 5 1/2
Pork, per lb.....	4

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.
(Northern Pacific R.R. Co., Lessee.)

LATEST TIME CARD.

Two Through Trains Daily.

12:45pm	6:25pm	Lv. Minn. Ar.	9:05am	1:15pm
1:30pm	7:10pm	Lv. St. Paul Ar.	8:50am	1:00pm
1:45pm	7:25pm	Lv. Duluth Ar.	8:40am	10:45pm
1:50pm	7:30pm	Lv. Ashland Ar.	1:00pm	3:30pm
7:15am	9:05am	Ar. Chicago Lv.	8:30am	10:45pm
			5:47pm	

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada. Close connection made in Chicago with all trains going East and South. For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or

JAS. O. POND,
Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago Ill.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone, given to very organs and tissues of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

WE

AIM TO IMPROVE!

AND

Not Deteriorate!

Our New Brand, the

CABLE EXTRA

will be found to be exceptionally fine, and we respectfully suggest that smokers give this brand a trial, when our statement will be fully verified as to quality.

S. DAVIS & SONS

The Recognized Standard BRANDS

"Mungo,"

"Kicker,"

"Cable."

Universally acknowledged to be superior in every respect to any other brands in the market. Always reliable, as has been fully demonstrated by the millions that are sold annually and the increasing demand for them, notwithstanding an increased competition of over One Hundred and Twenty-five Factories. This fact speaks volumes. We are not cheap Cigar manufacturers.

S. Davis & Sons,
MONTREAL.
Largest and Highest Grade Cigar Manufacturers in Canada.
Have You Tried The

"CABLE EXTRA"
CIGAR?

'El Padre'
PIN.

NEATLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO, ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE GIVEN.

Job Printing

"The Brandon Mail"

Has the largest issue of any other local paper in the Province of Manitoba or North-west Territories, and Circulates weekly over 1000 copies.

Daly and Coldwell Block,
ROSSER AVE. - - Brandon.

ICE! ICE!

THE EARLE ICE CO.

Want to keep you cool by supplying you with clear, pure ice at very reasonable rates.

10 to 12 lbs per day delivered to private families at \$2 per month or \$7.50 for the season.

Special low rates to parties using large quantities.

Call up Telephone 170 and we will call upon you.

EARLE ICE CO.

Canadian Pacific Railway

QUICKEST ROUTE TO

The World's Fair

Direct and cheapest route to Toronto, Montreal, New York, and all eastern cities also to Kootenay Mining Country, Spokane Falls, and the

PACIFIC COAST.

C. P. R. LAKE ROUTE.

Sailing from Fort William.

S. S. Manitoba.....	every Tuesday
S. S. Alberta.....	Friday
S. S. Athabasca.....	Sunday

Connecting trains leave Winnipeg Monday and Friday.

Excursion Tickets to Banff.

To EUROPE

From Montreal.

Sardinian.....	Allan Line.....	July 15
Mongolian.....	".....	22
Parisian.....	".....	29
Sumidian.....	".....	Aug 5
Toronto.....	Dominion Line.....	July 16
Labrador.....	".....	22
Sarnia.....	".....	29
Vancouver.....	".....	Aug 5
Lake Winnipeg.....	Beaver Line.....	July 19
Lake Superior.....	".....	26
Lake Neipigon.....	".....	Aug 2
Lake Ontario.....	".....	9

From New York.

Adriatic.....	White Star Line.....	July 19
Britannic.....	".....	26
Toutonic.....	".....	29
City of New York.....	American Line.....	July 15
City of Quebec.....	".....	22
City of Paris.....	".....	29
Aurania.....	Aunard Line.....	July 15
Sarnia.....	".....	22
Etoria.....	".....	29

AUSTRALIA

From Vancouver..... Sydney..... Aug. 14th
S. S. Mowara..... "..... Aug. 14th
S. S. Warrimoo..... "..... Sept. 14th

And every month thereafter.

CHINA & JAPAN

From Vancouver to Yokohama and Hong Kong.

Empress of India, from Vancouver Aug 7th Japan..... Aug. 28th

And about every four weeks thereafter.

For full information apply to

F. C. PATERSON,
C. P. R. City Ticket Agent, Brandon.



SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Coal, Public Buildings," will be received until Monday, 3rd July, for Coal supply for all or any of the Dominion Public Buildings.

Specification, form of Tender and all necessary information can be obtained at this Department on and after Monday, 10th July. Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and if not with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an approved bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of tender, which will be forfeited if the party desiring to enter this contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to supply the Coal contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest of any tender. By order.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa 7th July, 1903.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

UNLOCKS ALL THE CLOTTED SECRETIONS OF THE BOWELS, KIDNEYS AND LIVER, CARRYING OFF GRADUALLY, WITHOUT PAIN, THE SYSTEM, ALL IMPURITIES AND HUMORS. AT THE SAME TIME CORRECTS ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, CURES BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, HEARTBURN, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, DROPSY, SKIN DISEASES, JAUNDICE, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, SCROFULA, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, NERVOUSNESS, AND GENERAL DEBILITY. THESE AND ALL SIMILAR COMPLAINTS QUICKLY YIELD TO THE CURATIVE INFLUENCE OF BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Dr. Fowler's

Extract of Wild Strawberry is a reliable remedy that can always be depended on to cure cholera, cholera infantum, colic, cramps, diarrhoea, dysentery, and all looseness of the bowels. It is a pure

Extract

containing all the virtues of Wild Strawberry, one of the safest and surest cures for all summer complaints, combined with other harmless yet prompt curative agents, well known to medical science. The leaves

of Wild

Strawberry were known by the Indians to be an excellent remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery and looseness of the bowels; but medical science has placed before the public in Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild

Strawberry

a complete and effective cure for all those distressing and often dangerous complaints so common in this changeable climate.

It has stood the test for 40 years, and hundreds of lives have been saved by its prompt use. No other remedy always

Cures

summer complaints so promptly, quets the pain so effectually and always irration so successfully as this unrivalled prescription of Dr. Fowler. If you are going to travel this

Summer

be sure and take a bottle with you. It overcomes safely and quickly the distressing summer complaint so often caused by change of air and water, and is also a specific against sea sickness, and all bowel

Complaints.

Price 35c. Beware of imitations and substitutes sold by unscrupulous dealers for the sake of greater profits.

EMERSON & FLAGG

10th STREET.

PANTS TO ORDER, \$4.00
SUITS \$18.00

BRANDON MAIL.

Thursday, August 10, 1893.

CHICAGO.

THE MOST WONDERFUL CITY ON EARTH.

Graphic Pen Sketches of World's Fair City
By John F. Halliwell, Jr., St. Nicholas.

In enterprise and growth, Chicago is the most wonderful city on earth. No other can compare with it. It is a tale in its "Arabian Nights." In 1673 Father Marquette, a Jesuit missionary, discovered the upper Mississippi, having reached it from Lake Michigan by way of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers. He followed its course southward as far as he dared go, then turned to retrace his steps. He was told by Indians that there was an easier route to the lake than that by which he had come, and, heeding their advice, he paddled up the Illinois river to the Des Moines and up the Des Moines to the mouth of the Illinois close to a stream which the aborigines called Chicago, or Es-chi-googon. Here he made a portage, and, following the trail of the Indians, reached Lake Michigan again.

He was the first white man to set foot on Chicago soil. Several years afterwards La Salle went to the Illinois river by way of the Chicago portage, and later it became the regular route from Canada to the country of the Illinois Indians. No settlement was made there, however. It was not until 1803 that the United States Government, for strategic purposes, built and garrisoned a fort on the south bank of the Chicago river. John Kinzie accompanied the troops or followed them and established a trading station. He was the first white settler in preparing to leave the region, were set upon by the Indians and massacred. Some of the settlers perished with them, but Mr. Kinzie and his family escaped. In 1816 the fort was rebuilt, and a new garrison put in charge, and Mr. Kinzie returned and resumed his operations in fur. Nothing of moment occurred there until the arrival of settlers, most of whom passed on and found homes farther west or south.

In 1837 the commissioners of the Illinois and Michigan canal surveyed and laid out the town, naming it Chicago. Prior to that time the cluster of huts had been called Fort Dearborn settlement. It is not likely that the commissioners were aware of their own wisdom in selecting this site, or they might have been more generous in allowing it room for growth. As it was they gave it only three eighths of a square mile.

In 1837 Chicago became a city. It had grown beyond all expectations, and its people were becoming ambitious for something more than town organization. A charter was secured from the State legislature, and the corporation limits were adjusted to enclose an area of ten and one half square miles.

In 1838 a public meeting was held, Judge Henry Brown presiding. In introducing the speakers he referred to the city's progress. Then, turning to his subject, and giving the reins to his imagination, he uttered these historic words:

"The child is already born who will live to see Chicago with a population of 200,000. The people who crowded the hall were loyal to Chicago and as hopeful of its future, as could be expected in that early day—but 200,000 might as well have said 2,000,000. It was absurd. Shouts of derisive laughter drowned the judge's voice."

Nevertheless, a child born that day was only twenty-eight years old, and the population at different stages of the city's growth has been as follows:

1837, 1,170; 1843, 7,580; 1845, 12,088; 1847, 16,520; 1849, 23,017; 1850, 30,967; 1851, 39,230; 1852, 50,000; 1853, 61,112; 1856, 102,296; 1857, 128,186; 1861, 169,353; 1866, 209,414; 1868, 252,054; 1870, 300,000; 1872, 367,396; 1874, 395,418; 1876, 420,000; 1880, 505,411; 1890, 1,008,572.

Today, careful estimates place the population at 1,400,000, and the probability is that it is less than that. The area within the city limits is 181 square miles. There is over \$200,000,000 invested in manufacturing industries, and the annual expenditure for this purpose is between \$45,000,000 and \$55,000,000.

In the centre of this continent is a great inland water-system with lines of possible commerce. To the terminal point of this system all things gravitate. Curiously enough nature has made it the terminus of another water system. To the east and north of it lies the lake; to the west and south of it the rivers; it was the portage, the connecting link, between the two highways.

commercial world that the race of the old Vikings built in the wild of war-riors. This is the whole secret of Chicago.

The first things that impress a stranger in the city is the magnitude and magnificence of the buildings in the business districts. The history of 1871 the most disastrous conflagration in history, was not without compensating features. It gave the world an opportunity to view the city; it gave the people of Chicago a chance to show the world the clear grit that lay at the bottom of all their undertakings, and, finally, it cleared the way for a better class of structures.

It was in 1876, when the people had recovered in a measure from the effects of the fire—or rather, from the effects of the fire—another serious conflagration in July, 1874—that the new era began to dawn. Since then more than \$500,000,000 has been expended in building. With this enormous sum of money at their disposal, architects and engineers had an incentive to study and work such as they had never before. They developed methods of construction far superior to any that had been followed in the past. Under the new system wood has been discarded for steel, and iron is rapidly giving way to steel. In the best buildings all beams and supports are now made of steel, and the same material enters into all the shapes needed for the framework. The frame is erected entirely independent of the walls, which are erected and put in place after the strength of the structure.

In many cases these are merely a thin mask of terra-cotta or brick, which serves to keep out the weather and to give the building a pleasing appearance. Even where the walls are of solid masonry, as is the case with numbers of the finest buildings, the same effect is produced by the use of terra-cotta. It is no such thing as an absolutely fire-proof building; but our large structures are made as nearly fire-proof as practicable. In fact, every floor-beam, every support, every floor-beam, every pillar, every support, that can be injured by heat is inclosed in a covering of terra-cotta, which is separated by air chambers. No ordinary fire would be likely to do serious damage to a building so carefully guarded.

For the last problem used to be a serious one. Chicago was originally a low marshy tract of land, and although it is now dry enough, and raised an average of twelve feet above the old level, it does not everywhere afford an abundant support. Driving piles into the soft places was tried, but the results were not satisfactory. Big piles were driven in, and so unevenly that their appearance was marred and their stability threatened. The best office is a notable example. It is a fine building, with many places, and its total collapse is one of the possibilities which the occupants have to face every day. If it were the property of the city, or of the State, it would be torn down. Unfortunately it belongs to the United States; therefore it stands a menace to life, and an offense to the eye.

It is not desirable in a general way of this kind to deal very largely with details. It would be a pity to leave the subject without speaking of a few characteristic buildings. One of the best is the Auditorium, the grandest edifice of its class in all the world, and a monument to the public spirit of the wealthy men of Chicago. A few years ago the theatre was a man's dream, and before that the city needed an opera house. There were theatres in plenty, but not one of them was especially adapted for the purpose of a grand opera. He laid the matter before the members of the Commercial Club at one of their monthly dinners, and it was favorably received. Three years later the Auditorium was opened to the public. The building consists of five departments, so to speak. First there is the Auditorium, which is a large hall capable of seating 1,000 people, with an enormous stage, and the best mechanical appliances that human ingenuity has devised. The second, there is the Rehearsal Hall, a lecture or music room with a seating capacity of 500. Third, the Auditorium Hotel, which is a large building with many rooms, and the most elaborate appointments that money could procure. Fourth, the observatory tower, from which, on clear days, a fine view of the city can be obtained. And finally, the gymnasium and offices, consisting of 136 rooms and suites. The main building is ten stories high, and the tower ten higher. The interior is finished with brick, terra-cotta, marble, and various kinds of hard wood. The floors are of mosaic, made up of 50,000,000 pieces, each put in place by hand. The cost of the building was \$3,500,000, of which the first eleven stories are fitted up for shops, a new arrangement which the owners of ground floor stores has brought about. Between the eleventh and sixteenth floors it is arranged for offices. Above the sixteenth story is devoted to mechanical purposes except the roof, which has been converted into an observatory.

Among offices buildings, of which there are many, the Ryerkerk is the highest. Its name is reminiscent. Shortly after the fire the city erected a two-story brick building for temporary use as a city hall, which was burned down. It was a fair and soon fell into decay. The newspaper reporters called it a "rookery," and the name stuck. Its site was leased to the owners of the Ryerkerk building, and the name seems to have gone with the lease, and by the way, it is not the only instance of the kind. The "chamber of Commerce" building, which is a fine building, rivals the Ryerkerk both in size and beauty, derives its name from the fact that it stands on the site and is partly constructed out of the material of the old Chamber of Commerce. The new Chamber of Commerce is now known as the Board of Trade building, and is one of the finest grain mar-

kets, if not the finest in the world. The Rookery is an imposing edifice, built of granite, marble, mosaic, and ground on which it stands, \$1,500,000.

Its immensity, the richness and beauty of its interior decoration, the variety of its architecture, the use of rare woods, the luxuriousness of its furnishings, all combine to make it a palace such as no Oriental monarch ever dreamed of. The temple is dedicated to the building is representative of Chicago as a city, where art, beauty, and utility are so strongly defined, though nearly always carried out in every class.

The Masonic Temple, whose twenty stories seem to reach up into the clouds, gives its existence to the design of the various masonic bodies to get together under one roof, and the idea of a grand temple had been talked of for twenty years or more; but no beginning was made until four years ago. One day was held to consider the subject, and a committee was appointed, and authorized to "go ahead." It did go ahead, and in the end of the year the temple was dedicated. Like the Auditorium, the most of the finer buildings in the city, its interior is rich in marble and mosaic, and the first floor is a hall of red granite. A peculiar feature of its ark have been used to the very best advantage, for both the interior and exterior are covered with red granite and contains 600 offices.

It must not be supposed that these fine structures represent all the types that are to be found in Chicago. No, indeed, there is nothing about the mammoth wholesale and retail stores, nothing about the warehouses, the social clubs, the newspaper offices, the law offices, the schools, colleges, and seminaries; nothing about the churches or the dwellings; I have not even mentioned the names of the World's Fair buildings.

But the coming glory of Chicago is its park system. The original plan which has never been departed from, was to establish large parks in the early region of the north, west, and south, and connect them by a series of boulevards. The requisite legislation for the creation of three park boards, one for each division of the city, and for the levying of an annual tax was secured, and the work was begun. On the north side, the Lincoln Park board got possession of the south park board purchased 1,000 acres of land, which was divided into Washington Park, Jackson Park, and the Midway Plaisance; the West park board obtained 566 acres which the division of the city, Jackson Park and Humboldt Park. At the time, Lincoln Park was in the extreme northeastern corner of the city, Jackson Park, and Humboldt Park, and the Midway Plaisance, a line drawn from Humboldt Park, through Garfield Park, and terminating in Douglas Park, defined the western limit. A dozen or so smaller parks, varying in size from half an acre to twenty acres each, and scattered throughout the city, bring the total area of park land to about 2,000 acres. This does not include the boulevards, which are about thirty miles long. These are now completed, forming the finest drive in the world. With a good team of horses, or a person may start from the Lake Front Park, in the centre of the city, and opposite some of the best hotels, drive south through Michigan Avenue, Boulevard to Thirty-fifth street; thence to Washington Park; through Washington Park, Jackson Park, and Humboldt Park, thence to Garfield Park; through Garfield Park and North on Western Avenue, Boulevard and Douglas Boulevard to Douglas Park; thence along the west- and northern extension of Douglas Boulevard to Garfield Park; along Central Park Boulevard to Humboldt Park; north and east by Humboldt Park and Jackson Park, and south along the Lake shore drive, Rush street and Michigan Avenue to the starting place. He may make this circuit in an afternoon, and return his horses to the stable in good condition. The roadway is so smooth and the going so easy, that a single team may make the trip twice a day and be none the worse for it.

Lake Michigan teams, with perch, which seem not only willing but anxious to do their duty, are the great feature of the city, for a distance of about twenty miles, is protected from the waves by a line of breakwater, upon which are placed the city's great army of soldiers, thousands of men and boys, and sometimes women and girls, trying to lure the little fish from the water. They do not know whether perch fishing is a sport or an industry; it partakes of the nature of both. It is not an unusual thing for a man to be seen with a string of fifty or sixty perch each. Sometimes men are as fortunate, but not often; boys are always luckier than men in fishing. I remember one day, when a fine crowd of gentlemen sitting on the pier with his grandson, a little boy not more than seven years old. The gentleman was an expert angler, and he was fishing with a black bass and muskellunge, and had come out to give the boy his first lesson in sport. It was sport for the boy, and also for the crowd of gentlemen, who at least once every minute or two, but his grandfather never got a bite.

Thus far, except for this digression into the lake and fields, I have spoken only of the material development of the city. But there is a higher development, the intellectual and moral, the progress in literature, art and science. Just as the material growth of the city is the result of the material growth of the continent, so this intellectual growth is the result of the growth of the continent. One follows the other as naturally as day follows night.

There has sprung up in the city a great school of the greatest variety in America, endowed with millions of money, and equipped with instructors selected from the world because of their special fitness for the task. It is the University of Chicago, which is the other day, as it were, one of Chicago's wealthy men, conveyed to a board of trustees a building which he had just completed at a cost of \$1,500,000 with which to equip and maintain it as an industrial and scientific institute. Libraries have been founded, and the city has grown in its growth that has nowhere else been seen. The Chicago Public Library, founded little more than twenty years ago, has acquired a reputation for its collection of books, and is one of the finest collections of New York, or

Boston. The largest and most complete bookstore in the world is in Chicago.

The newspapers have been as marvelous in their development as the city itself.

All things are possible in a city situated as Chicago is situated. Impelled by the force of natural law, it will be the centre of the world, of commerce, of art, of literature, of science, and of education. Not one century or two centuries hence, but to-morrow, in a year, in ten years, when the city will be full—let this challenge come to pass.

The Columbia Fountain.

The canal which marks the centre of the Grand Court of Honor at the World's Fair holds many beautiful things, but none is more striking or impressive than the great Columbia Fountain. It is the work of the sculptor, Frederick Macmonnies, and typifies the triumph and glory of Columbia. A mammoth barge is represented, stately and beautiful in design, and the Columbia is enthroned. The four figure towers above all the others, and attracts the attention at once by its dignity and grace. The barge is being towed by the throne, guiding the barge through all the perils of the years, while Fame stands at the prow and voices the glorious deeds of the past. There are four charming figures on either side of the barge bearing upon the long sweeps which rest in the water. These figures represent the triumphs of the age, and continue to carry her onwards in her successful career. They are Science, Industry, Commerce, Culture, and the four arts—Music, Drama, Painting and Literature—as fair and graceful in form as the artist's hand could mould. They are the pillars of the barge, bearing its burden, and making clear the way. In the water all around sport dolphins, tritons, and mermaids, joyous attendants in the triumph of the goddess.

From all sides and in every direction shoot jets of water, which at night are illuminated by electricity, and in such harmony with its surroundings that it does not seem as if some big works do. You may admire and enjoy it sufficiently without going nearly as far as the fountain. The direction of the barge is toward the golden statue of the Republic at the other end of the canal beyond which rises the city of the Lake Front. Behind the fountain is the Administration Building, which marks one end of the Grand Court, but for on all sides there is sufficient space to observe and appreciate the beauty of the whole thing from a distance.

The Difference.

The son of a former slave-owner lately met one of the colored "boys" of the old plantation, and stopped to have a chat about "matters and things."

"Well, John," said he, "what are you doing these days?"

"Ise a zorter, Massa Bob."

"You are a sorter, John?"

"Yas, sir, a zorter; dat's it!"

"I thought you were a preacher. What is the difference between a preacher and a sorter?"

"Diffrance 'twixt a zorter and a preacher is zackly this; preacher he stick to de text, but zorter he hit all round!"

Shoved Himself a Leader.

The inhabitants of a certain Florida town are mostly engaged in wrecking, and manage to support themselves very comfortably from the proceeds, Sunday services at the frame church are always well attended.

One Sunday recently the church was crowded with worshippers. The minister was at the altar, and a man rushed to the door and yelled, "Wreck!" There was immediately a tremendous scramble. The minister called "Halt!" and the door was closed. The congregation paused for a moment, and the minister said, "Let's all have a fair start," he rushed down the aisle and was the first one out.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

A Threshing Contract Taken to the Court.

A judgment of some considerable interest to threshers and the farming community has been delivered by the court in a case brought before the court of Macdonald vs. Corrigall, heard before him. The action was brought against a farmer for the price of threshing a quantity of wheat, and the defendant alleged that the plaintiff's son, employed by him to do the threshing, had stolen the wheat, and the plaintiff's son, employed by him to do the threshing, had stolen the wheat, and the plaintiff's son, employed by him to do the threshing, had stolen the wheat.

made according to the metric system. In delivering judgment his lordship held that having regard to the provisions of section 21 of the Weights and Measures Act the plaintiff could not recover. It would appear from section 16 of the act that the use of weights to determine the bushel is in the case of contracts for sale and delivery. In other cases the bushel is a measure of capacity.

An objection was taken that the action being against executors there should have been corroborative evidence, but his lordship held that this objection did not apply, as the evidence to both quantity and price was given, not by the plaintiff, the claimant, but by an independent and wholly disinterested witness. The appeal was dismissed with costs. Mr. O. H. Clark appeared for the plaintiff, Mr. West for the defendant.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

Northern Pacific R. Co. Lessee.

LATEST TIME CARD.

Express Trains Daily.

12:00 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 12:00 a.m.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to 10 points in the States and Canada.

For complete information apply to your nearest ticket agent or JAS. C. POND.

Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Chicago, Ill.

MANITOWA & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO.

TIME CARD

Taking Effect June 1st, 1893.

Regular passenger trains run as follows:

WESTBOUND

Leave Winnipeg at 8:40

Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, Portage la Prairie, and intermediate stations. Mixed trains leave Minneapolis on arrival of passenger trains as before.

EASTBOUND

Leave Portage la Prairie and intermediate stations, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday. Mixed trains arrive at Minneapolis as before.

Regular eastbound passenger trains make close connection at Portage la Prairie with Canadian Pacific westbound trains, and at Winnipeg with eastbound trains of that company.

For complete information apply to your nearest ticket agent or JAS. C. POND.

Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Chicago, Ill.

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Rebecca Wilkinson, of Brownsville, Ind., says: "I had been in a distressed condition for three years from Nervousness, Weakness of the Stomach, Dyspepsia and Indigestion until my health was gone. I bought a bottle of South American Nerve, which did me more good than any \$50 worth of doctoring I ever did in my life. I would advise every weakly person to use this valuable and lovely remedy. I consider it the greatest medicine in the world." A trial bottle will convince you. Warranted by all druggists.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

THROUGH TIME TABLE

EAST AND WEST

Read Down STATIONS. Read Up.

At Ex. San Francisco, S. P. 8:00 a.m.

At Ex. Portland, Or. N. P. 7:00 a.m.

At Ex. Seattle, Wash. 7:00 a.m.

At Ex. Victoria, B. C. 7:00 a.m.

At Ex. New Westminster, B. C. 7:00 a.m.

At Ex. Kamloops, B. C. 7:00 a.m.

At Ex. Golden, B. C. 7:00 a.m.

LOCAL NEWS.

Civic holiday in Winnipeg, August 24.

The North-West assembly meets at Regina on the 12th.

Mr. S. Hobbs, of the Merchants', returned Friday, after a long visit to several states, Ontario, etc.

Mr. Parrish, of the St. of Parrish & Lindsay, returned from the east last week.

Sam Hanna, of Gresham, has returned from his visit to the World Fair well pleased with his trip.

Mrs. Coleman returned home last week from her visit to Rat Portage & Winnipeg.

Mr. W. A. MacDonald has left on a visit to the World's Fair on the east. He will be away only a short time.

The heat of Monday and the terribly hot wind that accompanied it has, we are sorry to state, been very detrimental to the grain crop.

The principal of the Winnipeg Business College contemplates the establishment of a branch either here or at the Portage.

Mr. Jukes is going about on crutches, having sprained his ankle at Tennis. The moral is he ought to stick to cricket in which he fares better.

Some of the farmers in the neighborhood of Douglas hope to start cutting this week. Crops in this district look fair but are in need of rain.

R. T. Rokely, of the Commercial Bank fame, has turned up in Chicago. He is reported to have said: "That some of the authorities in Winnipeg kindly gave him a friendly tip."

Mr. Boyd has been successful in establishing a customs house at Carberry with Mr. W. as officer. And still the Crisis of that town will not thank him for his services.

The work of decorating the interior of the Presbyterian church will be completed this week and the re-opening services will be held a week from Sunday. —RAPID CITY SPECTATOR.

Mr. D. A. Hooper will open a private bank in Minnedosa next week. All arrangements are completed. Mr. E. B. Dennison will be manager. The bank will be continued here the same as usual. —RAPID CITY SPECTATOR.

People have been coming for miles around to pick raspberries at the patches about four miles north of Rapid City. On Monday it was estimated there were three or four hundred in the berry patch.

The fields of wheat in the neighborhood of the city are commencing to assume the golden tinge so pleasant to the farmers. A large number are to be seen daily carrying out twine to be ready for cutting in a couple of weeks or less.

Tramps are coming over the line in large numbers and some of them appear to be pretty hard citizens. Up to the present Brandon has escaped any large influx of them.

The Annual Convention of the County of Dennis Sunday School Association met in Virden last week. Several Brandonites were present. A very good paper from the pen of Mr. McKee, of Brandon, was read by Miss Smith, of Brandon.

And now the name of Mr. W. B. Scarth is mentioned for Lieut. Governor of Manitoba. No better appointment could be made, and in the province today there is not an available man as well entitled to it. By all means let Mr. Scarth have the appointment.

We are glad to notice that one of our citizens, Mr. Fred. Council, has opened out in business for himself at Alexander. He is prepared to do all kinds of work in the carriage-building line and guarantees first-class work. Mr. Council is bound to be successful in this enterprise.

The unusual display of the aurora on Sunday night was of the most gorgeous description. It was at its best between twelve and one o'clock. The brightness in the southern part of the sky was remarkable, the rays converged from all points of the zenith.

The Presbyterian picnic which occurred last week, was one of the largest that has taken place at the pretty grounds of the Experimental farm. Nearly all the members of the Presbyterian church from outside places were present and amused themselves with games and races etc. It was late at night when the last of the party returned from the grove.

Some of the lumber dealers attempt to ridicule the force of our article of two weeks ago, on lumber dealers' profits, because a dealer failed in this city last week. In the abstract, that would prove nothing, as hundreds of men fail in every business in which others make large fortunes. Mr. Ashley's troubles, however, arise from being too good to customers, trusting and losing heavily. This could be indulged to smash up any business with even double the profits.

The C. P. R. excursion which left the city last week for Moosemin was most successful in every way. Eleven coaches carried the happy excursionists. Brandon's Band accompanied the party and played a few selections before starting at 8 o'clock. Many joined the party at different stations on the line, and at Elkhorn every car was full. They arrived in Moosemin at 11 o'clock. Here a most enjoyable day was spent and the programme carried out to the satisfaction of everyone. The train arrived home in Brandon at 11.30.

The bait is held out by the C. C. way-ites, that the Normal School may be built here.

Mr. S. Hanna was in the city Tuesday after his visit to the east. He is in good health and spirits.

At times during Monday the thermometer at Fleming's registered 120, in the shade, 107 at the Experimental Farm.

The Provincial Teachers Association meets at Brandon on October 12th and 13th.

A man whose name we were unable to obtain is reported to have received a sunstroke Monday afternoon.

A. Moore's Fish and Poultry Depot, Rosser Avenue, between 9th and 10th street, has to-day put in a Telephone No. 127.

The Northern Pacific have reduced the round trip tickets to Chicago World's Fair, to \$30, good for thirty days.

The Rev. Mr. Urquhart, the popular rector of the Presbyterian church, arrived home from his visit to the east the latter part of last week.

Master Manie Smith, son of Mr. Leeson Smith is suffering, we are sorry to say from the effect of a slight sun stroke received last Monday.

The Ladies Aid Society, for the Hospital, are preparing an excursion to Souris on the 15th inst. It is to be hoped that all those who can will attend.

Mr. McMillan, of Petrolia, Ont., arrived in the city last week with his wife. The gentleman is a brother of our worthy City Treasurer.

Dr. Doering, an old time dentist of Brandon, is again in the city on a visit. He has spent the past few years in Philadelphia, and is now on his way to Australia where he intends to permanently locate.

Mr. and Mrs. Nealon, of the Langham hotel, returned from their visit to the World's Fair last week. They were more than pleased with what they saw and only wished they could spare more time for the White City.

The choir of the Methodist Church, Clatter, give an entertainment here tonight. Brandonites should drive out and pay a visit to that enterprising and energetic town.

The C. P. R. station is not progressing as fast as one would wish, owing to the lack of material. It will be a great pity if the station is not fit for occupation before the cold winter sets in.

Sunday last the thermometer registered 96, in the shade and the hot wind made it more like the atmosphere from the Sahara than the Arctic breezes that are supposed to strike this country.

Mr. Moore, has opened out a very neat, tastefully arranged fish market in the store lately occupied by Jackson & Co. Mr. Moore will certainly have our fish from both the Atlantic and Pacific, and we are sure he will be able to please the most fastidious.

On the Experimental Farm, harvesting has already commenced. Ladoga and Red Fife are the earliest varieties of wheat cut, though some samples of early oats and barley have been harvested. Mr. Bedford, who has been to Indian Head returned last Thursday and reports crops as fairly good.

On Monday night Brandonites discovered the meaning of the aurora. It meant wind, heat and dust, though we do not suffer from the latter article according to a contemporary. It is however possible that Providence has seen the error in our contemporary's ways, and wishes for once to put him on the straight road.

Mr. Williams, of Deloraine, and Mr. Crosthwaite, both in the immigration business dropped off here Monday, with a deputation of 35 Michigan farmers who were west spying out the land, in the interest of Michigan farmers formerly residents of Ontario. They are pleased with what they have seen that 22 of their number took up homesteads for themselves and 40 of their acquaintances in Michigan, in the west country. They say this is simply the fore runner of a large immigration from Michigan next season.

The return cricket match, which took place last Saturday, at the city, between Brandon and the club of last city, resulted like the former one in a victory for the Brandonites. Brandon won the toss and took possession of the wicket. In their first innings they scored 79. Kennedy and Clarke making the best figures, 15 for the former and 16 for the latter. Munnison only made 26, 1st and 2nd innings. Brandon for the loss of 7 wickets made 110, out of which Leeson Smith made 32, not out, and Breen 22. Some of the party drove home after the match.

The play of "Rob Roy" is to be produced at the City Hall on Friday and Saturday next. The character depicted by Sir Walter Scott of the famous Highland chieftain "Rob Roy" is one of his best, and from press reports Mr. Andrew Mackay, both in appearance and acting is a fitting representative of the famous but unfortunate chief. Mr. Macmillan plays the somewhat difficult role of Donald. These gentlemen are to have the assistance of Brandon's local talent. English soldiers are to be represented by some members of the 95th Battalion. The scenery and costumes are furnished by the T. C. Royal, Glasgow, Scotland.

We believe a slight mistake appeared in the prize list as to three year old balls in Holstein class. W. H. Acton, Alexander, should have been credited with first prize.

Mrs. Hardie left this week for Ontario to attend the millinery openings and purchase her fall stock. She will also visit the openings in Chicago and the World's fair.

Deatvie Greer, of Ontario, is in town to get Mr. Dickson, a dentist, to give evidence as to a set of teeth he made and which will form important link in the crown's chain of evidence in the Lucky murder case.

There is much talk about the great slaughter at the recent teachers' examinations. The pupils of Brandon Collegiate Institute, however, were very successful, as eighty percent passed. This is an excellent record compared with the results throughout the province.

The Henneberg Concert Co., of Winnipeg, performed in the Opera Hall here Tuesday. On account of the scarcity of money and the large number of troupes that have been here of late, they were not largely patronised. The Company as a whole are good but the special features were the singing of Mrs. Verner and the playing of Prof. Henneberg. Mrs. Verner has a voice of such sweetness, of extensive compass and is well taught, while the professor is simply a host in himself either with violin or flute. As their music is high class, they did not give the gallery as much satisfaction as more of the comic would have given, but it was fully appreciated by all musicians present.

Shooting Affray.

The citizens of our quiet city were both surprised and excited on Monday last, by hearing that a citizen had been shot at. Many conflicting rumors were first spread but it appears the facts of the case are as follows:

John Clowes from St. Catharines, England, arriving in the city about six weeks ago, accompanied by a woman, they both went to the Brunswick Hotel, as man and wife. After a time the man procured work with a farmer, and left the city. The woman was employed in the hotel and remained there for over a month, but owing to some reason or other Mr. Holland the proprietor discharged her. On Monday, Clowes arrived in town, and on going to the Brunswick enquired for his wife. Mr. Holland could give him no information, but whilst they were talking on this subject, the woman passed. Clowes finished his drink and immediately followed. It appears he had been drinking rather heavily and fancied his lady friend had entered the house of Mr. Orde, on Pacific Avenue. On knocking Mr. Orde came to the door, and told him that no such person lived there. The madman however, insisted on a one armed man, struck at Mr. Orde, tearing his shirt. Mr. Orde promptly downed him and on his promising to be quiet let him up and went into his house locking the door behind him. When Clowes regained his feet, went to the rear of the house and fired two shots through the window from an English bulldog revolver, luckily doing no damage to any one. The police were soon on the scene and the prisoner promptly arrested.

On Wednesday at 10 o'clock, Clowes appeared before P. M. Todd but the case was postponed until 11 o'clock, Saturday. The prisoner, who appeared to be a respectable young man of about 25, seems exceedingly sorry for the occurrence and says he has no remembrance of what took place Monday night owing to his having had so much liquor to drink.

No more nauseous pills required! Eesley's Liver Lozenges are pleasant to take and better than pills. If your tongue is coated use Eesley's Liver Lozenges. They will set your liver working healthily and purify the blood. Eesley's Liver Lozenges are pleasant to take. They are laxative but strengthening.

Do you feel the weakness of age? Some men die at an age at which others are young. Take Eesley's Liver Lozenges. Are you subject to sick headache? So were others before they used Eesley's Liver Lozenges. They will cure you, 25 cents.

He turned, when preparing to die, to the company that would have insured him. But now the big shot won't apply. Because Eesley's Lozenges cured him. —Insurance Item.

Is your tongue coated? Take Eesley's Liver Lozenges. They will work off the bilious condition.

To give pill and purgatives for sluggishness of the liver is like giving a weak man whiskey to keep him working. They excite the digestive organs to overwork but leave them weaker and less able to perform their functions. Eesley's Liver Lozenges assist nature in its work and at the same time strengthen the digestive system. They are sold at all drug stores.

Do you know how you feel tired? Is your tongue coated? Take Eesley's Liver Lozenges. They will work off the bilious condition.

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For Over Fifty Years
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It is a child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will soothe the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

The Family Medicine.
Trout Lake, Ont., Jan. 2, 1890.

Dear Sir—For a number of years I have used and sold your "Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills." I consider them the very best for "Family Use," and all my customers speak highly of them.

Yours truly,
R. Lawson

The Summer Death R.

The greatest evidence of the dangers of Cholera, Malaria, Diarrhoea, and Dysentery, is the increase in the death rate of all the leading cities during the summer months. Men and women cannot be too careful of their habits of life during the heated terms, and particular attention should be paid to the diet of children. A supply of Perry Davis' Pain Killer should always be at hand, for it is the only medicine that can be relied on as all times as safe, sure and speedy. A teaspoonful will cure any ordinary case; but in severe attacks it is occasionally necessary to bathe the sufferer's stomach with the Pain Killer. All reputable druggists have it for sale. 25c. price per large bottle.

Low Rates to Chicago.

The Northern Pacific Railroad announces some extremely cheap excursion rates to Chicago and return for the benefit of World's Fair visitors. Tickets on the basis of one fair for the round trip will be on sale at the Northern Pacific office on Monday, July 24th, 31st and Aug. 7th, limited to return from Chicago on trains leaving that city either four or seven days from date of sale. For further particulars call at Northern Pacific Ticket office.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or over work, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dizziness of night, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, head-aches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dimmed specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids, and elsewhere, painfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will-power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEAKS, CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse, committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent free, and One Glass of Puro, or cut smoking tobacco, and believe you will be SATISFIED. In any case a trial won't hurt you. Don't delay upon the order of buying, but buy at once. Aug. 18 ad.

High Healing Powers are possessed by Victoria Carbolic Salve. The best remedy for Cuts, Burns, Sores and Wounds.

Pipe Smokers.

You may be satisfied with the brands of tobacco you have been using for years. Grant it: that you are satisfied. As there is always room for improvement, we want you to try our One Glass Puro, or cut smoking tobacco, and believe you will be SATISFIED. In any case a trial won't hurt you. Don't delay upon the order of buying, but buy at once. Aug. 18 ad.

RICH PLUM PUDDING.

THIS delicious confection is nicely calculated to produce dyspepsia, heartburn, biliary troubles and headache. Burdock Blood Bitters is equally well calculated to cure these troubles and has secured its powers in hundreds of cases. B. B. B. regulates and purifies the entire system.

Mortgage Sale of Valuable Farm Properties

Under and by virtue of the power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

By WILLIAM H. HOOPER, Auctioneer

At his Auction Mart in the City of Brandon

On Saturday, Aug. 19th, 1893.

At 12 o'clock noon the following valuable Farm Properties, viz. All and singular those certain parcels of lands, situate in the Province of Manitoba and being comprised of the west half of Section 26, Township 44 North, Range 20 West, and the South-East quarter of Section 26, Township 44 North, Range 20 West, in the County of Brandon, in the Province of Manitoba. The property will be put up at a reserved bid. Terms: Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid in cash at the time of sale, and the balance in thirty days. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

DALLY & COLDWELL,
Vendors Solicitors.
Dated at Brandon, 9th July, A. D. 1893.

"PROCLAMATION."

WE HAVE THE RIGHT GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES.

Which we are desirous of turning into money and invite your inspection.

In dress goods, suitable for the season.

Challies in wools and other makes.

Lawns in plain and printed also some French materials for the warm weather.

Our Blouses in Cambric, Cloth and Muslin goods have been a decided success. A few still on hand to be sold at prices that defy competition.

Our staple department has been kept complete.

In white cottons, grey cottons, Tickings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Flannellettes and Linen Goods, etc.

In The Gents Department.

Our stock of ready made clothing and overcoats contain the newest styles in materials and makes.

Call and examine our worsted suits, that can be sold at two thirds the price of ordered goods.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Hats, straw and felt, caps of a variety of materials, suitable for Lacrosse, Lawn Tennis and Base Ball clubs. Shirts in a variety of materials and prices.

Underwear in Gauze Balbriggan, wool and other makes. Ties in an endless variety. Collars of the latest styles. Socks in Cotton, natural color fancy and black Cashmere, wool silk and other makes.

All goods are offered at greatly reduced prices to meet the times. This is no clapnet advertisement but will be carried out to the letter. Give us a call and get prices.

PAISLEY & MORTON.

ROSE'S.

ROSE'S FURNITURE CREAM.

Makes old Furniture just look like new.

Manufactured by

Rose & Co.

Chemists and Druggists

Rosser Ave.

BRANDON

The Merchants Bank of Canada,

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

PAID UP CAPITAL — — — \$1,000,000

RESERVE FUND — — — \$2,000,000

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE Business Transacted.

Savings Bank Department Recently Added.

Deposits received and Interest allowed at Four per cent per annum.

R. S. PHILLIPS — — — — — Manager

Progress.

It is very important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be placed upon the table and to the eye, easily taken, acceptable to the stomach and healthy in its nature and effects. Possessing these qualities, Syrup of Figs is the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

STRAYED a bay mare weighing about 1250 lbs. heavy hind joints, from the pasture 18th st., about a month ago. A liberal reward will be paid for information leading to her recovery.

J. A. GIBSON

Telephone 218, P.O. Box 24



ESTABLISHED IN 1881.

Our stock is complete in the latest and most fashionable styles in Men's, Ladies', Girls', Boys', Youths and Children's Boots and Shoes which will be sold at the lowest possible prices.

W. SENKBEIL,
Opp. Queens Hotel.

Custom Work and Repairing promptly attended to.

GREAT NORTH WEST CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Time Table.
IN EFFECT FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1893.

A Mixed Freight and Passenger Train on Monday and Friday, and a Freight on Wednesday, running both ways, on the same days will arrive and depart as follows:

Going north west end down.	STATIONS.	Going south east end up.
NO. 1.		NO. 2.
7.30 Leave	Brandon via C.P.R.	Arrive 2.30
8.45 "	Chatter	" 10.45
9.24 "	Fort	" 11.15
10.00 "	10.1	" 11.45
10.40 "	27.6	" 12.15
11.05 "	32.3	" 12.45
11.30 "	42.8	" 1.15
12.15 Arrive	Brandon	Leave 10.15

* Meals going south east. * Flagstation. Trains will not stop unless there are passengers to get on or off.

Central Standard Time.

The right is reserved to make such variations in this Time Table with or without notice as circumstances may require.

HORATIO F. FORREST,
Receiver and Manager.

Spring and Summer

1893.

J. DAVIDSON, TAILOR,

In thanking his friends for their liberal patronage during the last

three years, desires to say that he has on hand an excellent variety of goods suitable for this season's trade which he offers at very low prices. We do business on the small profits and quick return system.

Call and see our goods and get prices.

J. Davidson,
Next Door to C. P. R. Telegraph Office, Rosser Avenue.

Shoes for the Country.

city; and village; shoes for all we have them; and all should come to us for them. It's a good shoe that is perfect, looks handsome, and wears well. Our ladies' kid shoes are what we're selling it for \$2.00, a few figures for such high class footwear. We also have a line of fine shoes for men's wear. It's next thing to stepping into the shoes of a rich uncle to put your feet into a new pair of our \$3.00 shoes. Of course you'd enjoy a fortune, and it is just as certain that you'd enjoy these shoes.

The Brandon Boot Co

JNO. MORRIS, Prop.

Telephone 218, P.O. Box 24